

Use the maps on Pages RA24 and RA27 to answer the following questions

1. Which 2 South Asian (SA) countries are located in the Himalaya?
2. Which SA countries are located on the Indian subcontinent?
3. Which SA capital is farthest north?
4. Which country is located on the delta of the Ganges and Brahmaputra rivers?
5. Which 3 bodies of water surround the Indian subcontinent?

Consult pages 554-567 to answer the following questions.

1. Describe SA as a region
2. What is the significance of Mount Everest?
3. SA's southern tip is bordered by what 2 mountain ranges?
4. What are Monsoons?
5. What 2 religions originated in the SA region?
6. What is the approximate population of India?
7. What forms the basis for the regions economy?
8. Name the capitals of India, Pakistan, Nepal, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, and Bhutan.
9. Which Capital City do you think has the highest elevation?
10. What two rivers join to form the Ganges River Delta?
11. Explain the significance of Alluvial plain.
12. Explain the significance of Subcontinent.
13. Give 2 examples of how South Asia's landforms affect where people live. Explain.
14. Describe how South Asia's southern landforms influence seasonal rain patterns.
15. List the 3 great river systems found in South Asia.
16. What is the population density (in square Kilometers) of the following cities
  - a. Quetta
  - b. Delhi
  - c. Islamabad
  - d. Nagpur
  - e. Calcutta
  - f. Kathmandu
17. What is the predominant land use in SA?
18. List 5 Natural resources of SA
19. Create a chart on the back of this page and list the 7 countries of SA. Then provide the following information for each of the 7 countries:
  - a. Population
  - b. Major export
  - c. Major Import
  - d. Currency

